

ChIMP Vignette

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Load Libraries

Libraries “CAMML” (Schiebout and Frost 2022) and “Seurat” (Satija et al. 2015) need to be loaded to carry out this vignette. Packages will also load additional libraries they depend on.

```
library(CAMML)
library(Seurat)
library(dplyr)
```

Data Processing

The following code outlines how the joint scRNA-seq/CITE-seq data from Lawlor, et al. (2021) (Lawlor et al. 2021), available on the 10X Genomics website, was processed for further analysis.

```
#load data
malt <- Read10X("raw_feature_bc_matrix/")

## 10X data contains more than one type and is being returned as a list containing matrices of each type
#isolate the RNA data and make it a Seurat Object
malt.data <- malt$`Gene Expression`
seurat <- CreateSeuratObject(counts = malt.data, min.cells=10,min.features=100)

#filter for mitochondrial genes
seurat[["percent.mt"]] <- PercentageFeatureSet(seurat, pattern = "^MT-")
seurat <- subset(seurat, subset = percent.mt < 10)

#normalize and scale the RNA data
seurat <- NormalizeData(seurat)

## Normalizing layer: counts
seurat <- FindVariableFeatures(seurat, selection.method = "vst", nfeatures = 2000)

## Finding variable features for layer counts
seurat <- ScaleData(seurat)

## Centering and scaling data matrix
#cluster and visualize
seurat <- RunPCA(seurat)

## PC_1
## Positive: PCLAF, MKI67, RGS13, TYMS, MYBL2, CDK1, ZWINT, RRM2, UBE2C, AURKB
##           TK1, GRN, PKM, TOP2A, BIRC5, ACTB, CCNB2, PHGDH, DHFR, LMO2
##           NUF2, CST3, SPC25, CTSH, SERPINA9, ASPM, GTSE1, CDT1, SHCBP1, MAD2L1
## Negative: ANXA1, GPR171, GZMK, CCL5, CD8A, SPRY1, GZMA, GTSCR1, RTKN2, TRGC2
```

```

##      NKG7, CD40LG, KRT1, KLRD1, IFNG, CRTAM, CD8B, LINC02446, ITM2A, LYPD3
##      ITGA6, ID1, CDKN1C, KLRB1, TRDC, TRGC1, ALKAL2, KLRC2, LINC01871, ENC1
## PC_ 2
## Positive: PCLAF, MKI67, RRM2, ZWINT, CDK1, AURKB, UBE2C, TYMS, TOP2A, RGS13
##      BIRC5, TK1, SPC25, CDCA5, MYBL2, GTSE1, DHFR, NUF2, CDT1, CCNB2
##      CDCA7, MAD2L1, SERPINA9, RMI2, ASPM, CD79A, GINS2, CHEK1, ASF1B, SHCBP1
## Negative: CEBPD, CST3, TNFAIP2, LYZ, TYROBP, CSF2RA, NDRG2, LGALS2, NECTIN2, FCER1G
##      SERPINA1, RAB32, GOS2, ETS2, PLAUR, ALDH2, IFITM3, C15orf48, CXCL8, VEGFA
##      AC020656.1, CLEC7A, IL1B, CXCL2, PKP2, DST, AIF1, TIMP1, PLXDC2, CFP
## PC_ 3
## Positive: HLA-DRA, HLA-DQA1, HLA-DPA1, HLA-DQB1, HLA-DRB1, HLA-DPB1, CD74, IGHM, MS4A1, CD79A
##      HLA-DMA, IGKC, LY9, TCF4, BASP1, FCRL5, BCL2A1, TNFRSF13B, CTSZ, CD22
##      FTL, SWAP70, ID3, ITGAX, ARID3A, IGHA1, LDLRAD4, CTSH, SYNGR2, H3F3A
## Negative: ITM2A, IL32, ANXA1, MAF, GZMK, CTLA4, BATF, LDHB, TIGIT, HMGB2
##      ICA1, MT2A, KLRB1, CORO1B, H2AFZ, CCL5, LDHA, NCOA7, GZMA, S100A4
##      TNFRSF4, NKG7, GPR171, MAGEH1, PCLAF, GAPDH, CH25H, S100A10, PTPN13, ID2
## PC_ 4
## Positive: LYZ, TYROBP, LGALS2, FCER1G, CST3, AC020656.1, AIF1, IL1B, MS4A6A, CSF2RA
##      JAML, SERPINA1, CPVL, CFP, CD1E, AXL, GOS2, ITGAX, ID2, LST1
##      NLRP3, CLEC7A, EREG, C1QA, DUSP4, C15orf48, CLEC10A, CD4, PLAUR, C1QB
## Negative: CD79A, MS4A1, IGHM, S100A16, DSP, TM4SF1, RBP1, HLA-DRA, FOXC1, S100A14
##      CDC42EP1, EDN1, SOX9, NFIB, KRT7, ELF3, CD74, PITX1, ADIRF, TRIM29
##      S100A2, KRT8, TJP1, CALD1, GABRP, PALMD, TACSTD2, RND3, MEIS2, MIA
## PC_ 5
## Positive: PCLAF, MKI67, RRM2, BIRC5, CDK1, AURKB, LYZ, ZWINT, UBE2C, TCL1A
##      TOP2A, TK1, TYMS, LGALS2, SPC25, CDCA5, CST3, GTSE1, NUF2, CCNB2
##      AIF1, ASPM, IGLC2, ESCO2, AC020656.1, DHFR, C1orf162, MAD2L1, IL1B, PBK
## Negative: DUSP4, ARID3A, TNFRSF13B, SLAMF7, CPEB4, IGHA1, TRPV3, NEAT1, PDGFA, CLNK
##      S100A4, LITAF, CD27, RAMP1, GUSB, RGS1, BCAR3, SPN, SQSTM1, UGCG
##      CYTOR, FCRL4, ACY3, CD63, YWHAH, VOPP1, RAB11FIP1, BSG, ACP5, CLECL1
seurat <- FindNeighbors(seurat, dims = 1:10)

## Computing nearest neighbor graph

##Computing SNN
seurat <- FindClusters(seurat, resolution = 0.5)

## Modularity Optimizer version 1.3.0 by Ludo Waltman and Nees Jan van Eck
##
## Number of nodes: 6438
## Number of edges: 216819
##
## Running Louvain algorithm...
## Maximum modularity in 10 random starts: 0.8886
## Number of communities: 11
## Elapsed time: 0 seconds
seurat <- RunUMAP(seurat, dims = 1:10)

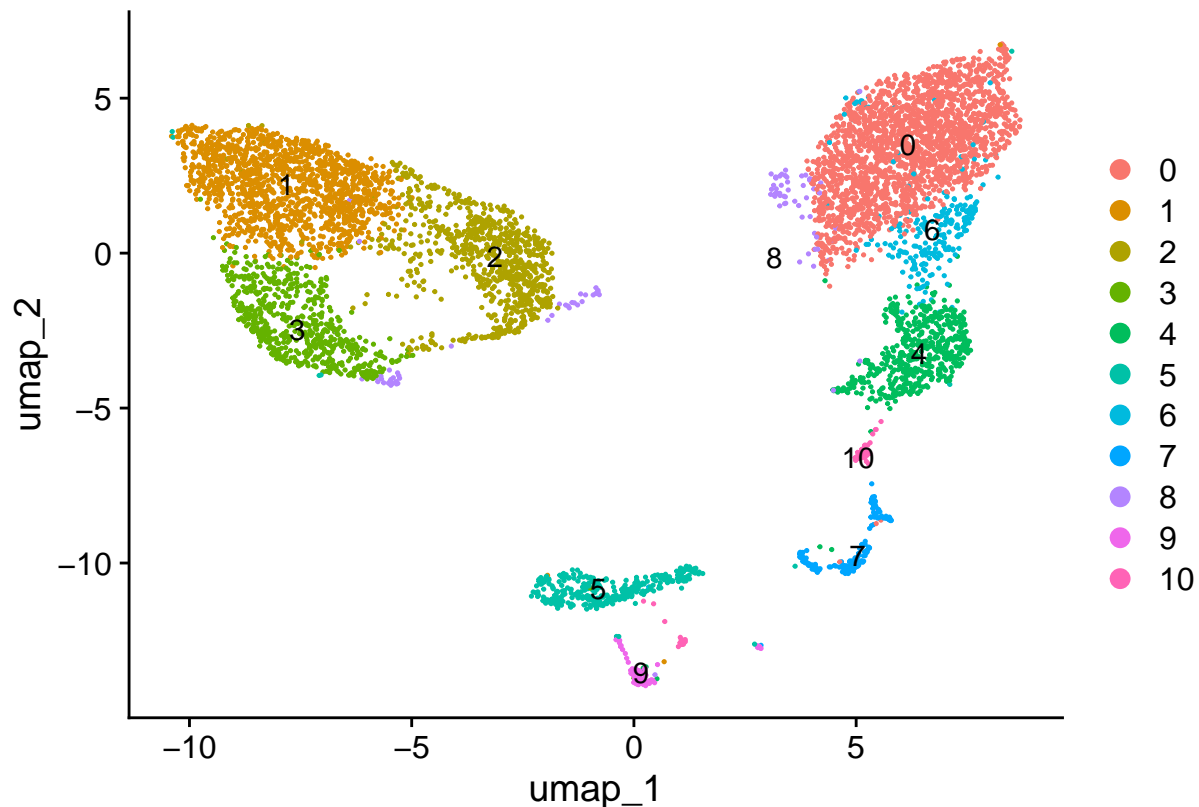
## Warning: The default method for RunUMAP has changed from calling Python UMAP via reticulate to the R
## To use Python UMAP via reticulate, set umap.method to 'umap-learn' and metric to 'correlation'
## This message will be shown once per session

## 15:17:02 UMAP embedding parameters a = 0.9922 b = 1.112

## Found more than one class "dist" in cache; using the first, from namespace 'spam'

```

```
## Also defined by 'BiocGenerics'
## 15:17:02 Read 6438 rows and found 10 numeric columns
## 15:17:02 Using Annoy for neighbor search, n_neighbors = 30
## Found more than one class "dist" in cache; using the first, from namespace 'spam'
## Also defined by 'BiocGenerics'
## 15:17:02 Building Annoy index with metric = cosine, n_trees = 50
## 0% 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100%
## [----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
## *****|
## 15:17:02 Writing NN index file to temp file /var/folders/wv/9lqlnjl571q8w6tn77wg10pr0000gp/T//Rtmpic
## 15:17:02 Searching Annoy index using 1 thread, search_k = 3000
## 15:17:04 Annoy recall = 100%
## 15:17:04 Commencing smooth kNN distance calibration using 1 thread with target n_neighbors = 30
## 15:17:06 Initializing from normalized Laplacian + noise (using RSpectra)
## 15:17:06 Commencing optimization for 500 epochs, with 266746 positive edges
## 15:17:15 Optimization finished
UMAPPlot(seurat, label = T)
```



scRNA-seq and CITE-seq Integration

Following the RNA data processing, the CITE-seq data needs to be added back into the data as an additional assay in the Seurat Object (Satija et al. 2015; Stoeckius et al. 2017). Since we filtered the data, the CITE-seq data needs aligned with the remaining cells.

```

#read in data and CITE-seq
cb <- malt$`Antibody Capture`

#filter CITE-seq
adt_assay <- CreateAssayObject(counts =
                                cb[,colnames(cb) %in% colnames(seurat)])

## Warning: Feature names cannot have underscores ('_'), replacing with dashes
## ('-')

## Warning: Feature names cannot have underscores ('_'), replacing with dashes
## ('-')

#add CITE-seq to SeuratObject
seurat[["ADT"]] <- adt_assay

#scale and normalize CITE-seq
seurat <- NormalizeData(seurat, assay = "ADT", normalization.method = "CLR")

## Normalizing across features

seurat <- ScaleData(seurat, assay = "ADT")

## Centering and scaling data matrix

```

Get Gene Sets and Run CAMML

In order to run CAMML and ChIMP, a gene set of cell types needs to be accessed. In the following code, “GetGeneSets” is used to load a pre-built gene set of 5 immune cell types. This can then be used to run CAMML. For this example HSCs will be removed.

```

#get gene sets
gene.set.df <- GetGeneSets(data = "immune.cells")

#filter out HSC
gene.set.df <- gene.set.df[-which(gene.set.df$cell.type == "HSC_CD34+"),]

gene.set.df

##      gene.symbol cell.type gene.weight   ensembl.id
## 1      ABCB4      B_cell    5.929227 ENSG00000005471
## 3       AIM2      B_cell    5.750254 ENSG00000163568
## 5      BANK1      B_cell    7.942142 ENSG00000153064
## 8        BLK      B_cell    7.548835 ENSG00000136573
## 9      BTNL9      B_cell    5.071020 ENSG00000165810
## 12      CD19      B_cell    8.853964 ENSG00000177455
## 13      CD22      B_cell    6.364610 ENSG00000012124
## 19      CD79A      B_cell    8.582138 ENSG00000105369
## 24      CPNE5      B_cell    6.580999 ENSG00000124772
## 30      E2F5      B_cell    7.159631 ENSG00000133740
## 32      FCRL1      B_cell    8.492002 ENSG00000163534
## 33      FCRL2      B_cell    6.669676 ENSG00000132704
## 34      FCRLA      B_cell    8.898029 ENSG00000132185
## 38      HLA-DQB      B_cell    7.261022 ENSG00000241106
## 55     LINC00926      B_cell    5.223783 ENSG00000247982
## 60      MS4A1      B_cell    7.927719 ENSG00000156738

```

## 66	P2RX5	B_cell	5.862599	ENSG00000083454
## 69	PKHD1L1	B_cell	6.031826	ENSG000000205038
## 70	PLEKHG1	B_cell	5.831675	ENSG000000120278
## 71	PNOC	B_cell	7.489833	ENSG000000168081
## 74	RALGPS2	B_cell	5.228555	ENSG000000116191
## 85	SPIB	B_cell	6.160680	ENSG000000269404
## 86	STAP1	B_cell	5.787053	ENSG000000035720
## 92	TLR10	B_cell	7.109604	ENSG000000174123
## 2	ADGRE2	Monocyte	7.729049	ENSG000000127507
## 11	C5AR1	Monocyte	8.813094	ENSG000000197405
## 14	CD300LF	Monocyte	6.470491	ENSG000000186074
## 18	CD68	Monocyte	5.983464	ENSG000000129226
## 22	CDKN1C	Monocyte	5.755567	ENSG000000129757
## 25	CPPED1	Monocyte	5.344299	ENSG000000103381
## 27	CSF1R	Monocyte	6.984429	ENSG000000182578
## 28	CXCL16	Monocyte	6.330266	ENSG000000161921
## 36	HCK	Monocyte	7.334923	ENSG000000101336
## 37	HK3	Monocyte	5.814265	ENSG000000160883
## 51	LILRA1	Monocyte	6.479104	ENSG000000104974
## 52	LILRA2	Monocyte	6.321271	ENSG000000239998
## 53	LILRA5	Monocyte	5.485005	ENSG000000187116
## 54	LILRB2	Monocyte	8.092027	ENSG000000131042
## 57	LST1	Monocyte	5.607879	ENSG000000204482
## 61	MS4A7	Monocyte	6.592873	ENSG000000166927
## 62	MSR1	Monocyte	6.644375	ENSG000000038945
## 67	PAPSS2	Monocyte	5.102467	ENSG000000198682
## 68	PILRA	Monocyte	7.658938	ENSG000000085514
## 77	SERPINA1	Monocyte	6.364474	ENSG000000197249
## 80	SLC31A2	Monocyte	5.431567	ENSG000000136867
## 81	SLC7A7	Monocyte	5.888768	ENSG000000155465
## 83	SMPDL3A	Monocyte	5.007270	ENSG000000172594
## 84	SPI1	Monocyte	5.337993	ENSG000000066336
## 87	TBC1D8	Monocyte	5.634734	ENSG000000204634
## 88	TBXAS1	Monocyte	5.145335	ENSG000000059377
## 97	VMO1	Monocyte	7.072633	ENSG000000182853
## 23	CLIC3	NK_cell	7.119036	ENSG000000169583
## 31	FASLG	NK_cell	5.610501	ENSG000000117560
## 40	IL18RAP	NK_cell	5.080865	ENSG000000115607
## 43	KIR2DL4	NK_cell	5.716879	ENSG000000189013
## 44	KIR3DL1	NK_cell	6.315612	ENSG000000167633
## 45	KIR3DL2	NK_cell	5.439694	ENSG000000240403
## 46	KLRF1	NK_cell	5.481712	ENSG000000150045
## 48	KRT86	NK_cell	5.458481	ENSG000000170442
## 73	PRR5L	NK_cell	5.241528	ENSG000000135362
## 76	S1PR5	NK_cell	5.062385	ENSG000000180739
## 78	SH2D1B	NK_cell	7.356306	ENSG000000198574
## 82	SLFN13	NK_cell	5.210182	ENSG000000154760
## 98	XCL1	NK_cell	6.650246	ENSG000000143184
## 99	YES1	NK_cell	5.168530	ENSG000000176105
## 6	BCL11B	T_cells	5.564075	ENSG000000127152
## 15	CD3D	T_cells	6.559457	ENSG000000167286
## 16	CD3E	T_cells	5.457156	ENSG000000198851
## 17	CD3G	T_cells	7.904570	ENSG000000160654
## 20	CD8A	T_cells	5.715826	ENSG000000153563

```
## 21      CD8B   T_cells   7.828488 ENSG00000172116
## 29      DPP4   T_cells   5.142898 ENSG00000197635
## 39      ICOS   T_cells   6.000820 ENSG00000163600
## 41     INPP4B   T_cells   5.664718 ENSG00000109452
## 42      ITK    T_cells   5.013501 ENSG00000113263
## 47     KLRG1   T_cells   5.244996 ENSG00000139187
## 50      LEF1   T_cells   5.500641 ENSG00000138795
## 56     LRRN3   T_cells   7.577637 ENSG00000173114
## 58      MAL    T_cells   7.694320 ENSG00000172005
## 63     NELL2   T_cells   6.411428 ENSG00000184613
## 65     OXNAD1   T_cells   5.250065 ENSG00000154814
## 75     RNF157   T_cells   5.376098 ENSG00000141576
## 79     SIRPG   T_cells   5.538280 ENSG00000089012
## 89     TC2N    T_cells   5.002518 ENSG00000165929
## 90     TCF7    T_cells   5.961207 ENSG00000081059
## 91     THEMIS   T_cells   6.889632 ENSG00000172673
## 93     TRABD2A   T_cells   5.447930 ENSG00000186854
## 94      TRAC    T_cells   5.025658 ENSG00000277734
## 95     TRAT1    T_cells   7.189648 ENSG00000163519
## 96     UBASH3A   T_cells   5.305995 ENSG00000160185
```

```
#run CAMML
```

```
seurat <- CAMML(seurat, gene.set.df)
```

```
## Computing VAM distances for 4 gene sets, 6438 cells and 15518 genes.
```

```
## Min set size: 11, median size: 23.5
```

```
## Warning: Feature names cannot have underscores ('_'), replacing with dashes
## ('-')
```

```
## Warning: Feature names cannot have underscores ('_'), replacing with dashes
## ('-')
```

```
## Warning: Feature names cannot have underscores ('_'), replacing with dashes
## ('-')
```

```
## Warning: Feature names cannot have underscores ('_'), replacing with dashes
## ('-')
```

```
## Warning: Key 'vamcdf_' taken, using 'camml_' instead
```

Integrate CITE-seq via ChIMP into CAMML with k-means Discretization

Following the running of CAMML, the cell type scores can be altered by the inclusion of CITE-seq data using ChIMP. In order to use this, a list of cell types and their corresponding CITE-seq markers needs to be built. This list, the Seurat Object, and a vector of booleans will then be fed into ChIMP. The vector serves to designate whether, in cases of multiple marker proteins in a cell type, any marker protein can be present to maintain the CAMML score or if ChIMP should require all marker proteins to be present to maintain the CAMML score.

In other words, if a user designates both CD4 and CD8 for T cells, anyMP=TRUE would require that just one of the two markers be present in a cell for the cell to have a nonzero cell type score. However, if anyMP=FALSE, both markers would have to be present in a cell for the cell type score to be nonzero.

In this example, we use anyMP=FALSE for monocytes to single out cells that are positive for both CD14 and CD16. We use anyMP=TRUE to select for T cells that are either CD4 or CD8 positive.

```
#compare ADT markers and cell types
rownames(seurat@assays$ADT)

## [1] "CD3-TotalSeqB"          "CD4-TotalSeqB"
## [3] "CD8a-TotalSeqB"         "CD14-TotalSeqB"
## [5] "CD15-TotalSeqB"         "CD16-TotalSeqB"
## [7] "CD56-TotalSeqB"         "CD19-TotalSeqB"
## [9] "CD25-TotalSeqB"         "CD45RA-TotalSeqB"
## [11] "CD45RO-TotalSeqB"       "PD-1-TotalSeqB"
## [13] "TIGIT-TotalSeqB"        "CD127-TotalSeqB"
## [15] "IgG2a-control-TotalSeqB" "IgG1-control-TotalSeqB"
## [17] "IgG2b-control-TotalSeqB"

rownames(seurat@assays$CAMML)

## [1] "B-cell" "Monocyte" "NK-cell" "T-cells"

#create CITE list
markers <- cbind(c(rownames(seurat),rownames(seurat)[2],rownames(seurat)[4]),
  (rownames(seurat@assays$ADT)[c(8,4,7,2,6,3)]))
citelist <- list()
for (i in 1:length(rownames(seurat))){
  citelist[[i]] <- markers[which(markers[,1]==rownames(seurat)[i]),2]
}
names(citelist) <- rownames(seurat)
citelist

## $`B-cell`
## [1] "CD19-TotalSeqB"
##
## $Monocyte
## [1] "CD14-TotalSeqB" "CD16-TotalSeqB"
##
## $`NK-cell`
## [1] "CD56-TotalSeqB"
##
## $`T-cells`
## [1] "CD4-TotalSeqB" "CD8a-TotalSeqB"

#run ChIMP
seuratk <- ChIMP(seurat, citelist, anyMP = c(T,F,T,T),
  greater = rep(T, length(unlist(citelist))))

#visualize the cell type scores
seurat.markers = FindAllMarkers(seuratk, assay="ChIMP", only.pos = TRUE)

## Calculating cluster 0

## For a (much!) faster implementation of the Wilcoxon Rank Sum Test,
## (default method for FindMarkers) please install the presto package
## -----
## install.packages('devtools')
## devtools::install_github('immunogenomics/presto')
## -----
## After installation of presto, Seurat will automatically use the more
```

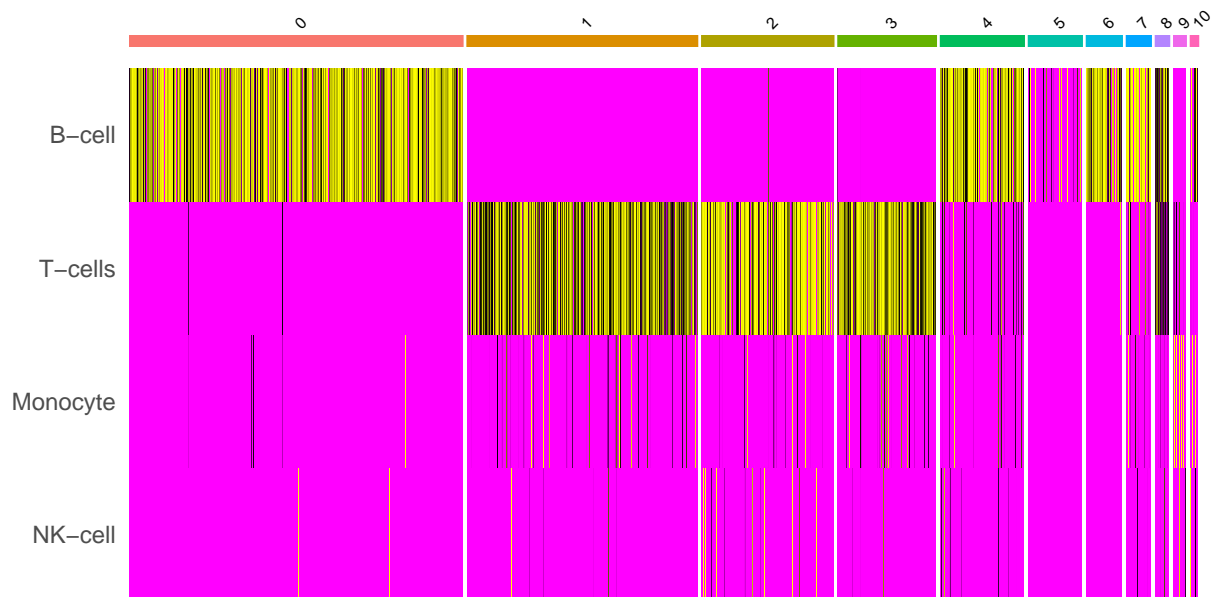
```
## efficient implementation (no further action necessary).
## This message will be shown once per session

## Calculating cluster 1
## Calculating cluster 2
## Calculating cluster 3
## Calculating cluster 4
## Calculating cluster 5

## Warning in FindMarkers.default(object = data.use, slot = data.slot, counts =
## counts, : No features pass logfc.threshold threshold; returning empty
## data.frame

## Calculating cluster 6
## Calculating cluster 7
## Calculating cluster 8
## Calculating cluster 9
## Calculating cluster 10

DefaultAssay(object = seuratk) = "ChIMP"
top.pathways <- seuratk.markers %>% group_by(cluster) %>% top_n(n = 3, wt = avg_log2FC)
DoHeatmap(seuratk, slot="data", features = top.pathways$gene,
          size=2, label=T, raster = F) + NoLegend()
```



Integrate CITE-seq via ChIMP into CAMML with Quantile Discretization

This example follows the same pipeline as the above example but uses a median discretization for CITE-seq instead of k-means for comparison.

```
#compare ADT markers and cell types
rownames(seurat@assays$ADT)
```



```

## [1] "CD3-TotalSeqB"          "CD4-TotalSeqB"
## [3] "CD8a-TotalSeqB"         "CD14-TotalSeqB"
## [5] "CD15-TotalSeqB"         "CD16-TotalSeqB"
## [7] "CD56-TotalSeqB"         "CD19-TotalSeqB"
## [9] "CD25-TotalSeqB"         "CD45RA-TotalSeqB"
## [11] "CD45R0-TotalSeqB"       "PD-1-TotalSeqB"
## [13] "TIGIT-TotalSeqB"        "CD127-TotalSeqB"
## [15] "IgG2a-control-TotalSeqB" "IgG1-control-TotalSeqB"
## [17] "IgG2b-control-TotalSeqB"

rownames(seurat@assays$CAMML)

## [1] "B-cell" "Monocyte" "NK-cell" "T-cells"

#create CITE list
markers <- cbind(c(rownames(seurat),rownames(seurat)[2],rownames(seurat)[4]),
  (rownames(seurat@assays$ADT)[c(8,4,7,2,6,3)]))
citelist <- list()
for (i in 1:length(rownames(seurat))){
  citelist[[i]] <- markers[which(markers[,1]==rownames(seurat)[i]),2]
}
names(citelist) <- rownames(seurat)
citelist

## $`B-cell`
## [1] "CD19-TotalSeqB"
##
## $Monocyte
## [1] "CD14-TotalSeqB" "CD16-TotalSeqB"
##
## $`NK-cell`
## [1] "CD56-TotalSeqB"
##
## $`T-cells`
## [1] "CD4-TotalSeqB" "CD8a-TotalSeqB"

#run ChIMP
seuratq <- ChIMP(seurat, citelist, method = "q", anyMP = c(T,F,T,T),
  greater = rep(T, length(unlist(citelist))))

#visualize the cell type scores
seurat.markers = FindAllMarkers(seuratq, assay="ChIMP", only.pos = TRUE)

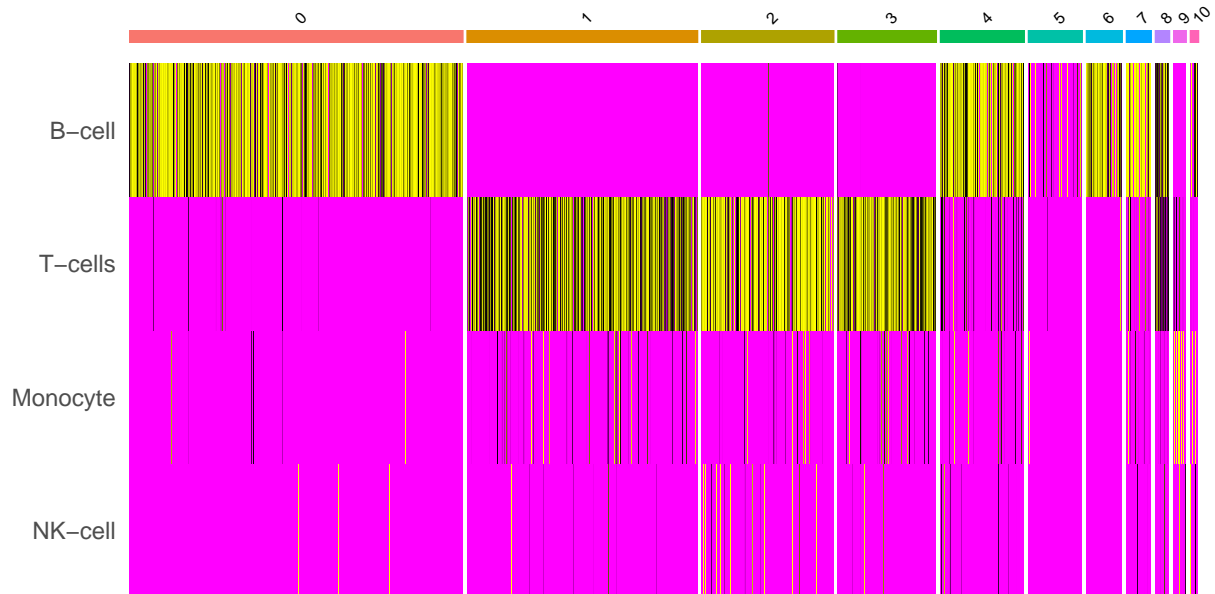
## Calculating cluster 0
## Calculating cluster 1
## Calculating cluster 2
## Calculating cluster 3
## Calculating cluster 4
## Calculating cluster 5

## Warning in FindMarkers.default(object = data.use, slot = data.slot, counts =
## counts, : No features pass logfc.threshold threshold; returning empty
## data.frame

## Calculating cluster 6

```

```
## Calculating cluster 7
## Calculating cluster 8
## Calculating cluster 9
## Calculating cluster 10
DefaultAssay(object = seuratq) = "ChIMP"
top.pathways <- seurat.markers %>% group_by(cluster) %>% top_n(n = 3, wt = avg_log2FC)
DoHeatmap(seuratq, slot="data", features = top.pathways$gene,
          size=2, label=T, raster = F) + NoLegend()
```



References

- Lawlor, Nathan, Djamel Nehar-Belaid, Jessica D. S. Grassmann, Marlon Stoeckius, Peter Smibert, Michael L. Stitzel, Virginia Pascual, Jacques Banchereau, Adam Williams, and Duygu Ucar. 2021. "Single Cell Analysis of Blood Mononuclear Cells Stimulated Through Either LPS or Anti-Cd3 and Anti-Cd28." *Frontiers in Immunology* 12 (March): 636720. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fimmu.2021.636720>.
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