

# Package ‘IndexNumberTools’

March 3, 2025

**Type** Package

**Title** Working with Index Numbers

**Version** 1.1

**Description** A set of utilities for manipulating index numbers series including chain-linking, re-referencing, and computing growth rates.

**License** GPL (>= 3)

**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**RoxygenNote** 7.3.2

**Imports** methods, stats

**Depends** R (>= 4.1.0)

**URL** <https://mserrano-ine.github.io/IndexNumberTools/>,  
<https://github.com/mserrano-ine/IndexNumberTools>

**Suggests** knitr, rmarkdown, dplyr

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**NeedsCompilation** no

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**Repository** CRAN

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## Contents

aggr_rep_lag . . . . .	2
apply_to_columns . . . . .	3
change_ref_year . . . . .	3
compute_gr . . . . .	4
gdp_current . . . . .	4
gdp_volume . . . . .	5

get_chain_linked . . . . .	5
get_pyp . . . . .	6
get_q_index . . . . .	7
get_v_index . . . . .	7
<b>Index</b>	<b>9</b>

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aggr_rep_lag	<i>Aggregate, repeat and lag</i>
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## Description

Helper function to repeat the aggregate annual value of a series on each period, and possibly lag it.

## Usage

```
aggr_rep_lag(x, fun = mean, k = 0)
```

## Arguments

x	(ts) Any time series
fun	(function) Aggregation function, mean by default
k	(int) Units to lag.

## Details

Applies `aggregate.ts` to the series to get the annual values and then repeats those values for every subyear period.

The `k` parameter is passed to `stats::lag`.

## Value

description

## Examples

```
aggr_rep_lag(gdp_volume) |> plot()
```

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apply_to_columns	<i>Apply method to multivariate</i>
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**Description**

This function applies a function for univariate series ("ts") to a multivariate series ("mts").

**Usage**

```
apply_to_columns(x, f, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	(mts) A multivariate time series.
f	(function) A function that takes an univariate series as input.
...	Arguments for f.

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change_ref_year	<i>Change reference year</i>
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**Description**

Changes the reference year of a chain-linked series (with annual overlap).

**Usage**

```
change_ref_year(x, new_ref_year)
```

**Arguments**

x	(ts) A chain-linked series with annual overlap.
new_ref_year	(num) New reference year.

**Value**

The re-referenced index series.

**Examples**

```
change_ref_year(gdp_volume, 2015)  
plot(gdp_volume)  
lines(change_ref_year(gdp_volume, 2015))
```

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compute_gr	<i>Compute the growth-rate series</i>
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**Description**

Function that computes the growth-rate series of a given time series.

**Usage**

```
compute_gr(x, s)
```

**Arguments**

x (ts) A time series.  
s (int) Lag at which the growth-rate is computed.

**Value**

Series of growth-rates.

**Examples**

```
compute_gr(gdp_current, 4)
```

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gdp_current	<i>Spanish GDP (Current prices)</i>
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**Description**

Spanish GDP from 1995 Q1 to 2024 Q4.

**Format**

A univariate time series object.

**Source**

<https://ine.es/jaxiT3/Tabla.htm?t=67823&L=1> Spanish National Statistics Institute.

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gdp_volume	<i>Spanish GDP (Chain-linked volume)</i>
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**Description**

Quantity chain-linked indices of the Spanish GDP from 1995 Q1 to 2024 Q4 with reference year 2020.

**Format**

A univariate time series object

**Source**

<https://ine.es/jaxiT3/Tabla.htm?t=67824&L=1> Spanish National Statistics Institute.

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get_chain_linked	<i>Get chain-linked indices</i>
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**Description**

Computes chain-linked index series from a pyp series.

**Usage**

```
get_chain_linked(x, ref_year, x_a = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

x	(ts) A pyp series.
ref_year	(num) Reference year for the chain-linked series.
x_a	(ts) Annual pyp series. If not given, it's computed by taking the average of each year.

**Details**

The chain-linked series `x_chain` is computed with the annual overlap method. Suppose the `x` series runs from  $(y_0, p_0 = 0)$  to  $(y_1, p_1)$ , where  $p_i$  is a subyear period. Then the chain-linked series at  $(y_2, p_2)$  is given by the cumulative product of the annual series from  $y_0$  to  $y_2-1$  times `x` at  $(y_2, p_2)$ .

**Value**

The chain-linked series.

**Examples**

```
gdp_pyp <- get_pyp(gdp_volume)
get_chain_linked(gdp_pyp, 2015)
```

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get\_pyp

*Get pyp indices*

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**Description**

Computes the pyp index series from a chain-linked series.

**Usage**

```
get_pyp(x, x_a = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

**x** (ts) Chain-linked series with annual overlap.

**x\_a** (ts) Annual chain-linked series. If not given, it's computed by taking the average of each year.

**Details**

The time series should start at (y,1) where y is any year.

**Value**

The pyp series.

**Examples**

```
get_pyp(gdp_volume)
```

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get_q_index	<i>Get quantity index</i>
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**Description**

Returns the series of quantity indices in previous year prices from a current prices and

**Usage**

```
get_q_index(current, constant)
```

**Arguments**

current            (ts) Values at current prices.  
constant           (ts) Values at previous year prices.

**Value**

Series of quantity indices for previous year prices.

**Examples**

```
gdp_pyp <- get_pyp(gdp_volume)  
gdp_constant <- gdp_current / gdp_pyp * 100  
get_q_index(gdp_current, gdp_constant)
```

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get_v_index	<i>Get value index</i>
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**Description**

Returns the (not chain-linked) series of value indices from a series of current prices.

**Usage**

```
get_v_index(current)
```

**Arguments**

current            (ts) Series of current prices series.

**Details**

The value of the resulting series  $x$  at  $(y,s)$ , where  $y$  is the year and  $s$  is the subyear period, is  $\text{current}(y,s)/\text{current}(y)$

**Value**

(ts) Series of value indices.

**Examples**

```
get_v_index(gdp_current)
```



# Index

aggr\_rep\_lag, [2](#)  
apply\_to\_columns, [3](#)  
  
change\_ref\_year, [3](#)  
compute\_gr, [4](#)  
  
gdp\_current, [4](#)  
gdp\_volume, [5](#)  
get\_chain\_linked, [5](#)  
get\_pyp, [6](#)  
get\_q\_index, [7](#)  
get\_v\_index, [7](#)